



eQube Gaming Limited

Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Three and Six Months Ended August 31, 2017

FORM 51-102F1

1. Introduction

The following management's discussion and analysis ("MD&A") for eQube Gaming Limited (the "Company") should be read in conjunction with the Company's unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the three months ended August 31, 2017 and the audited consolidated financial statements and notes thereto for the year ended February 28, 2017. Our unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements and related notes for the three and six months ended August 31, 2017 are prepared in accordance with International Financial Reporting Standards ("IFRS") as issued by the International Accounting Standards Board ("IASB").

All dollar amounts are expressed in Canadian currency unless otherwise indicated. Additional information about the Company can be found on SEDAR at www.sedar.com. Such additional information is not incorporated by reference herein, unless otherwise specified, and should not be deemed to be part of this MD&A.

This MD&A makes reference to certain measures not defined under IFRS that are provided to assist in assessing the Company's financial performance. Non-IFRS earnings measures do not have any standard meaning prescribed by IFRS and are therefore unlikely to be comparable to similar measures presented by other issuers.

This MD&A was prepared by management of the Company, and was approved by the Board of Directors on 27th October 2017.

2. Forward-Looking Statements

The MD&A offers our assessment of the Company's future plans and operations as of July 1, 2017 and contains forward-looking statements. The words "may", "will", "should", "believe", "expect", "plan", "anticipate", "intend", "estimate", "predict", "potential", "target", "continue" or the negative of these terms, or other expressions which are predictions of or indicate future events and trends and which do not relate to historical matters, identify forward-looking statements. By their nature, forward-looking statements are subject to numerous risks and uncertainties, including those discussed below. You are cautioned that the assumptions used in the preparation of forward-looking information, although considered reasonable at the time of preparation, may prove to be imprecise and, as such, undue reliance should not be placed on forward-looking statements. Certain statements in this MD&A constitute forward-looking statements based on management's expectations, estimates and projections. All statements that address expectations or projections about the future, including, but not limited to, statements about the Company's business or financial objectives, its strategies or future actions, its product testing and revenue models, the use of capital and proceeds including plans to fund short-term cash requirements, anticipated regulatory approvals, its targets, its plans for international expansion, expectations with respect to the expiration of the warrants thereunder, the timing of purchase of equipment and scheduling of equipment installations, expected contractual obligations and lease obligations, expectations for financial condition or outlook on operations are forward-looking statements. The Company's forward-looking statements are based on the beliefs, expectations and opinions of management on the date the statements were made.

Actual results, performance or achievements could differ materially from those expressed in, or implied by, these forward-looking statements based on a number of factors and risks. These include the risks set out herein (including under the heading "Risk and Uncertainties" in Item 14), failure to obtain necessary

regulatory approvals, inability to fund or develop new products, and ability to access sufficient capital. No assurance can be given that any of the events anticipated will transpire or occur, or if any of them do so, what benefits the Company will derive from them. The Company disclaims any intention or obligation to update or revise any forward-looking statements, whether as a result of new information, future events or otherwise unless required by law. For the reasons set forth above, investors should not place undue reliance on forward-looking statements.

3. Outlook

Highlights for the Three and Six Months Ended August 31, 2017

- Total revenue from continuing operations for the three months ended August 31, 2017 increased 0.4% to \$1,623,627 from \$1,617,923 in the same period in the prior year. Total Revenue from continuing operations for the six months ended August 31, 2017 decreased 3.0% to \$3,186,409 from \$3,284,389 in the same period in the prior year.
- Revenue from continuing operations, excluding hardware sales decreased 19.1% to \$1,301,272 in the three months ended August 31, 2017 from \$1,608,699 in the same period in the prior year. Revenue from continuing operations, excluding hardware sales decreased 19.3% to \$2,643,236 in the six months ended August 31, 2017 from \$3,284,389 in the same period in the prior year.
- Total revenue from hardware and software sales for the three months ended August 31, 2017 increased significantly to \$322,355 from \$9,224 in the same period in the prior year. Total revenue from hardware and software sales for the six months ended August 31, 2017 increased significantly to \$543,173 from \$10,372 in the same period in the prior year.
- Gross profit for the three months ended August 31, 2017 increased 5.5% to \$1,140,040 from \$1,080,703 in the same period the prior year. Gross profit for the six months ended August 31, 2017 decreased 6.7% to \$2,071,346 from \$2,219,061 in the same period the prior year.
- Gross profit margin increased to 70.2% for the three months ended August 31, 2017 compared with 66.8% in the same period the prior year. Gross profit margin decreased to 65.0% for the six months ended August 31, 2017 compared with 67.6% in the same period the prior year

Business Objectives

The Company's primary business objectives are as follows:

- to be the leading global eBingo platform supplier;
- to employ data analytics (collected by the Company's software) to leverage and increase revenue opportunities for the Company and its customers; and
- to place the Company's hardware and software in multiple jurisdictions and venues whereby the products can also act as a distribution vehicle for other third party products.

Business Strategy

The Company's business strategy is to grow its operations in the commercial, charitable, and tribal markets through geographic expansion, pursuing strategic acquisitions, leveraging best business practices amongst its operating divisions, increasing sales from existing customers, attracting new clients and expanding in key commercial and tribal verticals. Capital will be used to obtain regulatory approval in additional jurisdictions, procure equipment for placement in client venues, expand distributor networks in new markets, increase product placement and create recurring revenue opportunities through the Company's

product participation model. Additional capital will also provide the Company with flexibility with respect to future acquisitions.

The Company will continue with its plans for international expansion with focus on the United States (“U.S.”), European and Latin American markets.

4. Overview

4.1 Background

eQube Technology and Software Inc. (“eQube”) was incorporated under the *Business Corporations Act* (Alberta) on March 11, 1999 as SGC-Link Corp. The name was changed to eQube Technology and Software Inc. on August 23, 2005.

On July 2, 2014, eQube entered into an amalgamation agreement (the “Amalgamation Agreement”) with the Company (formerly Triox Limited) and 1824721 Alberta Limited, a wholly owned subsidiary of the Company, to combine their business operations. The Company was incorporated under the laws of Hong Kong on August 4, 2011, and was classified as a Capital Pool Company as defined pursuant to Policy 2.4 of the TSX Venture Exchange (the “TSXV”). In anticipation of the closing of the Amalgamation Agreement, the Company changed its name from Triox Limited to eQube Gaming Limited on September 26, 2014.

The transaction was completed on October 30, 2014 and constituted a “Qualifying Transaction” of the Company (as such term is defined within the meaning of Policy 2.4 of the TSXV). The Company’s registered office is located at #100, 10493 – 184 Street, Edmonton, Alberta.

On June 19, 2015, the Company acquired the operations of Alberta Satellite Bingo, which is comprised of Alberta Satellite Bingo Limited Partnership (“Alberta Satellite Bingo LP”), 657255 Alberta Limited and The Satellite Bingo Network (TSBN) Inc. (“TSBN”). The acquisition includes assets, intellectual property and existing personnel to operate a linked bingo game in the Province of Alberta. The acquisition provides a strategic platform for the Company to expand linked game offerings to current and future customers in other markets which will allow the Company to increase prize liquidity for bingo players. For more detailed disclosure on the acquisition please refer to Note 4 of the consolidated financial statements for the year ended February 28, 2017.

On January 4, 2016, the Company took over the bingo hall operations of a bingo hall in Cork, Ireland. The operations are run through e3 Bingo Limited, a wholly-owned subsidiary of eQube Gaming Limited. This provided a strategic platform for the Company to showcase its products and services in a live ‘demo’ environment of an operational European hall where customers from the U.K. and mainland Europe could see ‘fit for purpose’ product in use in a European context, rather than purchase from North America or visit North America to view. On October 31, 2016, the Company sold its equity interest in e3 Bingo Limited to a close family member of the Chief Executive Officer of the Company for €100, which was approved by the TSXV in accordance with its policies. The financial performance of e3 Bingo Limited was disclosed as discontinued operations in the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended February 28, 2017.

The year end of the Company is the last day in February.

4.2 General

Together with its subsidiaries, the Company is engaged in the design, development, distribution, licensing and sale of technology-based electronic bingo and social gaming solutions for regulated gaming markets in Canada, the U.S. and Ireland.

The Company's customers consist primarily of licensed gaming operators in Canada, the U.S. and Ireland. In Canada, the Company's customers include provincial gaming regulators in British Columbia, Alberta and Ontario. In the U.S., the Company's customers are located in Nevada, Mississippi, Texas, Kentucky, California, Georgia, North Dakota, and Washington. The Company's U.S. customers include tribal operators, the U.S. Army and other facility operators. In Ireland, the Company's customers are independent licensed gaming operators.

4.3 Products and Services

The Company's electronic bingo solutions are server-based and include a multi-gaming software platform, tablet and fixed base hardware devices, and a central control system module that protects the financial integrity of a jurisdiction's gaming operations by tracking gaming revenue and other data to enable gaming centre operators to meet strict regulatory reporting requirements.

The Company earns revenues from the sale and lease of software and hardware, service and support, installations, gaming revenue and the sale of Bingo supplies. The equipment is typically owned directly by the Company or its subsidiaries. However, certain customers prefer owning their own equipment based on their hardware and software needs and this has led to fluctuations in hardware and software sales.

	Three months ended August 31,		Six months ended August 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Hardware and software rentals	743,852	718,710	\$ 1,479,320	1,491,693
Bingo Supplies	41,257	-	72,045	-
Customer support and other services	334,145	428,560	720,909	855,871
Game revenue	182,018	461,429	370,962	926,453
Hardware and software sales	322,355	9,224	543,173	10,372
	\$ 1,623,627	\$ 1,617,923	\$ 3,186,409	\$ 3,284,389

4.4 Market - The Electronic Bingo Gaming Industry

The Company leases and sells its products to gaming operators and regulators across North America and overseas. As an information technology gaming supplier, the Company is subject to the rules and regulations of each separate operational jurisdiction.

Canada

Gaming in Canada is regulated by the Criminal Code of Canada (the "Code"). The Code requires that where gaming is conducted, the appropriate provincial government is responsible to "conduct and manage" the gaming activity. These provincial commissions are the customers or potential customers of the Company in Canada.

The Company earns revenue from its customers in various ways:

- the sale or rental of the financial control systems into a bingo location;
- recurring monthly rental of the Company's bingo and social gaming applications and hardware devices in use at each hall;
- ongoing customer support, service and maintenance;
- professional services; and
- sale of Bingo supplies and accessories.

This model provides a stable revenue stream to support the Company's growth and expansion.

International

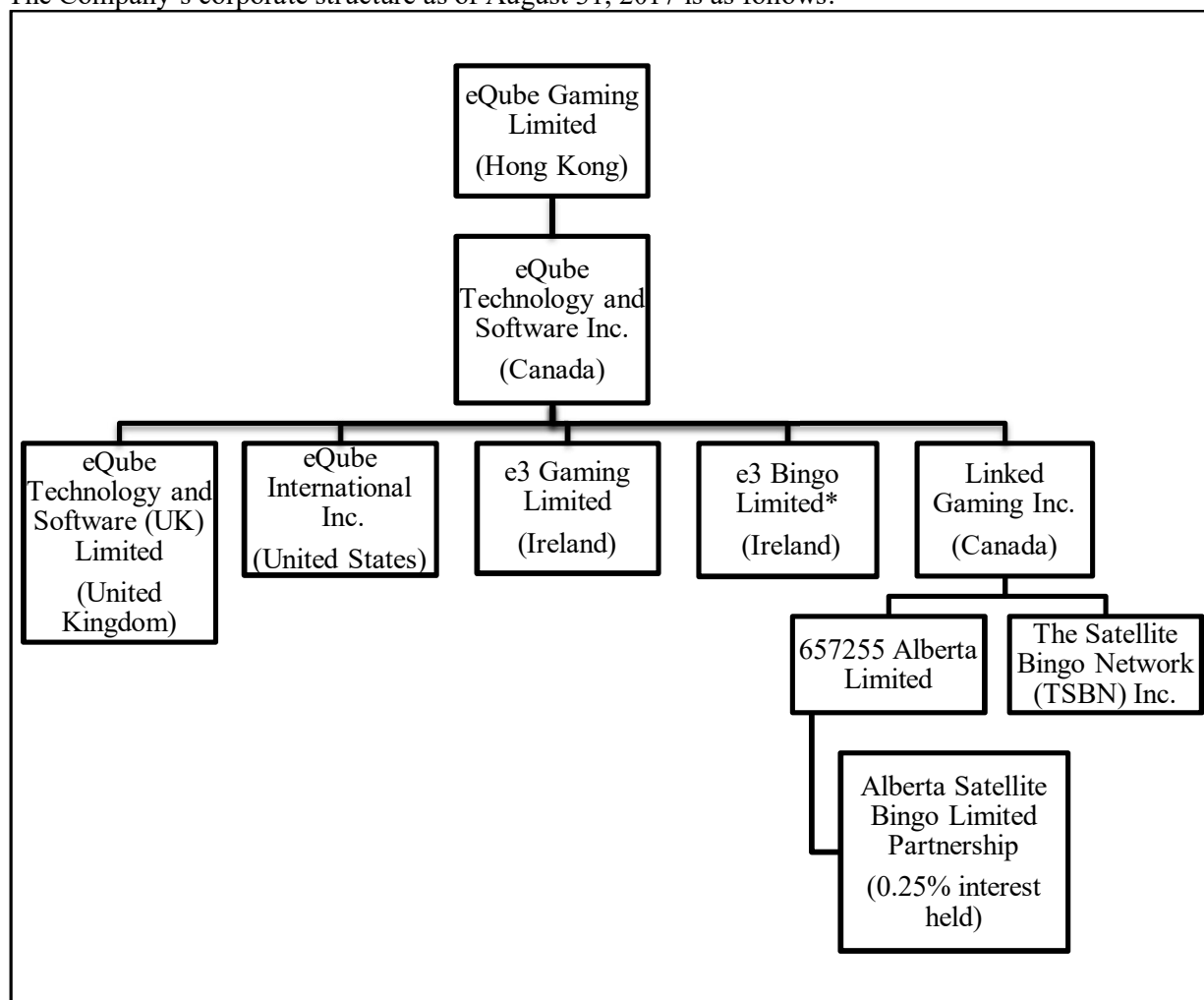
Each U.S. state has its own rules and regulations which govern gaming in their respective jurisdictions. In addition, tribal sites may have their own regulatory framework separate from the state which must be adhered to. Each supplier is required to go through a licensing process, which is similar to that of the Canadian jurisdictions.

The U.S. and International markets have evolved to allow each bingo hall operator to independently negotiate and purchase or, more commonly lease, equipment that best suits their needs. This differs from Canadian jurisdictions where the applicable gaming regulator selects the software and hardware platform to be used in all halls within that regulator's jurisdiction.

The majority of bingo hall operators in North America and International markets lease or rent hardware and software on a monthly/weekly/daily rate basis. The most common rental terms in these markets are: (i) a fixed transaction fee per use; or (ii) a fixed weekly fee per unit. These revenue models offer higher gross margin returns over the life of a contract compared to software only models, but require the eBingo supplier to make significant capital equipment investments up front.

4.5 Corporate Structure

The Company's corporate structure as of August 31, 2017 is as follows:



**The Company, sold its equity interest in e3 Bingo Limited on October 31, 2016 and as of that date e3 Bingo Limited was no longer a subsidiary of the Company.*

eQube Technology and Software Inc.

eQube Technology and Software Inc. services the Company's clients in Canada. These clients include provincial gaming regulators in British Columbia, Alberta and Ontario. eQube Technology and Software Inc. is headquartered in Edmonton, Alberta and is engaged in the design, development, distribution, licensing and sale of technology-based electronic bingo gaming solutions for regulated gaming markets. eQube Technology and Software Inc. produces server-based, electronic bingo solutions, which include multi-gaming software platform, tablet and fixed based hardware devices, and a central control system module that protects the financial integrity of a jurisdiction's gaming operations by tracking gaming revenue and other data to enable gaming centre operators to meet strict regulatory reporting requirements.

eQube International Inc.

With its headquarters located in Las Vegas, Nevada, eQube International Inc. services the Company's clients in the U.S. These clients consist of the U.S. Army, tribal organizations, state-run bingo facilities and private bingo operators. eQube International Inc. drives the marketing efforts of the Company as it expands further into the U.S.

eQube Technology and Software (UK) Limited

eQube Technology and Software (UK) Limited, incorporated in the United Kingdom on October 14, 2013, was established to service the Company's new Irish markets and is the legal entity which contracts with the Company's electronic bingo clients in Ireland. The headquarters of eQube Technology and Software (UK) Limited are located in Edmonton, Alberta.

e3 Gaming Limited

e3 Gaming Limited, incorporated in Ireland on December 15, 2014, was established to service the Company's new charitable and community gaming initiatives in Ireland. The headquarters of e3 Gaming Limited are located in Cork, Ireland.

e3 Bingo Limited ("Rock Bingo")

e3 Bingo Limited, incorporated in Ireland on February 11, 2016, was established to run the operations of Rock Bingo Hall. Rock Bingo is a 1,000 seat bingo hall located in Cork, Ireland. The bingo hall operation provided a strategic platform for the Company to showcase its products and services in the live 'demo' environment of an operational European hall where customers from the UK and mainland Europe could see 'fit for purpose' product in use in a European context, a much more compelling model compared to travelling to view or directly purchasing a "North American" product. On October 31, 2016, the Company sold its equity interest in e3 Bingo Limited to a close family member of the Chief Executive Officer of the Company for €100, which was approved by the TSXV in accordance with its policies. The financial performance of e3 Bingo Limited was disclosed as discontinued operations in the audited consolidated financial statements for the year ended February 28, 2017.

Linked Gaming Inc.

Linked Gaming Inc., incorporated in Edmonton, Alberta on June 16, 2015 was established to hold the shares of 657255 Alberta Limited and The Satellite Bingo Network (TSBN) Inc. which are fully controlled subsidiaries.

657255 Alberta Limited

657255 Alberta Limited, incorporated in Edmonton, Alberta was acquired by the Company on June 19, 2015 as part of the operations of Alberta Satellite Bingo. 657255 Alberta Limited owns 0.25% and is the general partner of Alberta Satellite Bingo Limited Partnership ("Alberta Satellite Bingo LP"). As the general partner, it is responsible for managing all aspects of Alberta Satellite Bingo LP's operations.

The Satellite Bingo Network (TSBN) Inc. (“TSBN”)

TSBN, incorporated in Edmonton, Alberta was acquired by the Company on June 19, 2015 as part of the operations of the Alberta Satellite Bingo. TSBN owns all the intellectual property required to operate the Alberta Satellite Bingo game and receives a license fee from Alberta Satellite Bingo LP.

Alberta Satellite Bingo Limited Partnership (“Alberta Satellite Bingo LP”)

Alberta Satellite Bingo LP is a limited partnership that provides linked session bingo gaming in Alberta, Canada. 657255 Alberta Limited manages all aspects of the Alberta Satellite Bingo LP’s operations. Through the Company’s common ownership of 657255 Alberta Limited and TSBN, and 657255 Alberta Limited’s operational control over Alberta Satellite Bingo LP, the Company is deemed to control Alberta Satellite Bingo LP and has consolidated the operations accordingly. 657255 Alberta Limited owns 0.25% and is the general partner of Alberta Satellite Bingo LP. The remaining ownership stake of 99.75% is owned by approximately 160 charitable organisations.

5. Results of Operations

The following selected financial data is derived from the audited consolidated financial statements or unaudited condensed interim consolidated financial statements of the Company, as applicable, prepared within acceptable limits of materiality and is in accordance with IFRS applicable to the preparation of financial statements.

eQube Gaming Limited
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Three and Six Months Ended August 31, 2017

5.1. Summary of Quarterly Results

	For the three months ended			
	August 31, 2017	May 31, 2017	February 28, 2017	November 30 2016
Total revenue from continuing operations	\$ 1,623,627	\$ 1,562,782	\$ 2,636,351	\$ 1,712,078
Net (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income attributable to the owners of the Company:				
From continuing operations	\$ 4,211	\$ (617,226)	\$ 602,141	\$ (180,311)
From discontinued operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 3,942	\$ (178,709)
Basic weighted average number of shares	30,220,727	30,220,727	30,220,727	30,220,727
(Loss) income per share, basic:				
From continuing operations	\$ -	\$ (0.02)	\$ 0.02	\$ (0.01)
From discontinued operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ (0.01)
Diluted weighted average number of shares	30,220,727	30,220,727	30,220,727	30,220,727
(Loss) income per share, diluted:				
From continuing operations	\$ -	\$ (0.02)	\$ 0.02	\$ (0.01)
From discontinued operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 0.00	\$ (0.01)

	For the three months ended			
	August 31, 2016	May 31, 2016	February 29, 2016	November 30, 2015
Total revenue from continuing operations	\$ 1,617,923	\$ 1,425,498	\$ 1,442,308	\$ 1,397,277
Net (loss) income and comprehensive (loss) income attributable to the owners of the Company:				
From continuing operations	\$ (617,226)	\$ (722,869)	\$ 43,665	\$ (647,505)
From discontinued operations	\$ -	\$ 32,946	\$ 55,912	\$ -
Basic weighted average number of shares	30,220,727	30,220,727	30,220,727	30,220,727
Loss per share, diluted:				
From continuing operations	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.02)	\$ -	\$ (0.02)
From discontinued operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -
Diluted weighted average number of shares	30,220,727	30,220,727	30,220,727	30,220,727
Loss per share, diluted:				
From continuing operations	\$ (0.02)	\$ (0.02)	\$ -	\$ (0.02)
From discontinued operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -

eQube Gaming Limited
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Three and Six Months Ended August 31, 2017

Total Revenue from continuing operations

Total revenue for the three months ended August 31, 2017 is down from the prior quarter due to decreases of \$279,411, customer support and other services of \$94,415, offset by increases in, hardware and software rentals \$25,142, bingo supplies \$41,257 and hardware and software sales \$313,131.

Total revenue for the three months ended May 31, 2017 is down from the prior quarter due to decreases of \$1,332,505 in hardware and software rentals, \$1,337,257 in contract termination revenue offset by increases in customer support and other services of \$932,339, game revenue \$409,995, hardware sales \$223,071 and Bingo supplies \$30,788.

Total revenue for three months ended February 28, 2017 is up from the prior quarter due to an increase of \$1,376,594 in hardware sales and software sales and an increase of \$1,337,257 due to contract termination revenue offset by a decrease of \$1,012,530 in customer support and other services a \$411,753 decrease in game revenue and \$365,295 in hardware and software sales.

Total revenue for three months ended November 30, 2016 is up from the prior quarter due to an increase of \$353,818 in hardware sales, \$38,395 in customer support and other services offset by a \$27,331 decrease in hardware and software rentals and \$9,619 in game revenue

Total revenue for the three months ended August 31, 2016 was down over the prior quarter due to a \$53,273 decrease in hardware and software rental, \$23,735 in game revenue offset by increases in hardware and software sales of \$8,076 and \$1,249 in customer support and other services.

Total revenue for the three months ended May 31, 2016 was down from the prior quarter due to decreases in customer support and other services of \$19,262, \$12,985 in hardware and software rentals offset by increases in game revenue of \$14,289 and \$1,148 in hardware and software sales.

Total revenue for the three months ended February 29, 2016 is up over the prior quarter due to new U.S. contracts entered into late in the third quarter and during the fourth quarter which increased revenue by \$32,052 and game revenue increased by \$12,979.

Total revenue for the three months ended November 30, 2015 is up over the prior quarters due to the acquisition and consolidation of Alberta Satellite Bingo which contributed \$168,713 in revenue, in addition to new recurring revenue contracts that started during the quarter.

Total revenue for the three months ended August 31, 2015 is up due to the acquisition of the operations of Alberta Satellite Bingo which contributed \$140,752 in revenue for the period. Total revenue for the three months ended May 31, 2015 is up over the prior three quarters due to the addition of new recurring revenue contracts deployed during the quarter. Revenues for the three months ended February 28, 2015 were up from the prior quarter reflecting incremental new revenue streams.

eQube Gaming Limited
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Three and Six Months Ended August 31, 2017

5.2. Comparison of Results

	Three months ended August 31,		Six months ended August 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Sales, service and other revenue	\$ 1,623,627	\$ 1,617,923	\$ 3,186,409	\$ 3,284,389
Direct costs	(483,588)	(537,220)	(1,115,064)	(1,065,328)
Gross profit	1,140,040	1,080,703	2,071,346	2,219,061
Expenses				
General and administrative expenses	690,119	1,140,461	1,493,566	2,412,827
Impairment of supplies and components	-	141	-	1,746
Total expenses	690,119	1,140,602	1,493,566	2,414,573
Loss before other expenses (income)	449,921	(59,899)	577,780	(195,512)
Other expenses (income)				
Finance income	510	(3,636)	510	(7,952)
Finance costs	140,433	179,775	306,019	333,618
Depreciation and amortization	245,877	356,492	482,830	711,782
Foreign exchange gain (loss)	8,196	23,628	18,250	16,687
Total other expenses	395,016	556,259	807,609	1,054,135
Loss before income taxes	54,904	(616,158)	(229,830)	(1,249,647)
Income tax expense (recovery)	(50,693)	(1,068)	(50,693)	3,239
Net income (loss) and comprehensive (loss) from continuing operations	\$ 4,211	\$ (617,226)	\$ (280,523)	\$ (1,246,408)
Net (loss) income and comprehensive loss (income) from discontinued operations	\$ -	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 32,946

eQube Gaming Limited
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Three and Six Months Ended August 31, 2017

Sales, Service and Other Revenue

Revenue for the three months ended August 31, 2017 increased \$5,704 or 0.4% to \$1,623,627 from \$1,617,923 for the three months ended August 31, 2016. The Increase is due to \$90,479 in European revenue and \$8,863 in U.S. Revenue offset by a decrease of \$93,638 in Canadian revenue. The increase in revenue was mainly due to a hardware sale in the European market.

Revenue for the six months ended August 31, 2017 decreased \$97,980 or 3.0% to \$3,186,409 from \$3,284,389 for the six months ended August 31, 2016. The decrease is due to \$160,047 in Canadian revenue and \$27,753 in U.S. Revenue offset by an increase of \$89,820 in European revenue. The increase in revenue was mainly due to a hardware sale in the European market.

Direct Costs

Direct costs, comprised mainly of direct labour expense, decreased \$53,632 or 10.0% to \$483,588 for the three months ended August 31, 2017 from \$537,220 compared with the same period in the prior year. As a percentage of revenue, direct costs were 29.8% for the three months ended August 31, 2017 compared with 33.2% for the three months ended August 31, 2016. The decrease is due to decreases in the cost of hardware sold \$22,167, \$2,223 decrease in payroll costs and \$6,300 from third party testing costs and in technical support costs \$8,230. The decreases were offset by increases in distributor commissions \$66,402 and repairs \$4,839.

Gross Profit

Gross profit increased \$59,337 or 5.5% to \$1,140,040 for the three months ended August 31, 2017 from \$1,080,703 for the three months ended August 31, 2016. As a percentage of revenue, gross profit is 70.2% for the three months ended August 31, 2017 compared with 66.8% for the same period in the prior year.

Gross profit decreased \$147,715 or 6.7% to \$2,071,346 for the six months ended August 31, 2017 from \$2,219,061 for the six months ended August 31, 2016. As a percentage of revenue, gross profit is 65.0% for the three months ended August 31, 2017 compared with 67.6% for the same period in the prior year.

General and Administrative Expenses

General and administrative expenses decreased \$450,344 or 39.5% to \$690,119 for the three months ended August 31, 2017 from \$1,140,461 for the same period in the prior year. The decrease is due to \$176,863 reduction in compensation & benefit costs throughout the organization, \$70,373 in professional fees, \$93,956 in advertising and promotion costs, \$71 in consideration warrants, rent of \$87,506 and \$23,647 in business taxes. The decreases are offset by an increase in office and other expenses of \$2,072.

General and administrative expenses decreased \$919,263 or 38.1% to \$1,493,566 for the six months ended August 31, 2017 from \$2,412,829 for the same period in the prior year. The decrease is due to \$330,218 reduction in compensation & benefit costs throughout the organization, \$207,504 in professional fees, \$166,336 in advertising and promotion costs, \$71 in consideration warrants, rent of \$174,076 and \$76,185 in business taxes. The decreases are offset by an increase in office and other expenses of \$35,127.

The decreases in general and administrative costs directly relate to temporary decreases in resources as the Company positions itself for future growth activities in the European and U.S. markets

Impairment of Supplies and Components

Impairment of supplies and components decreased by \$141 or 100.0% to \$nil for the three months ended August 31, 2017 compared to \$141 for the same period in the prior year. Impairment of supplies and components decreased by \$1,746 or 100.0% to \$nil for the six months ended August 31, 2017 compared to \$1,746 for the same period in the prior year. The prior year impairment related to amortization of parts and supplies relating to handheld hardware devices that are now fully depreciated.

Income Before Other Expenses (loss)

The income before other expenses for the three months ended August 31, 2017 increased \$509,820 or 851.1% to \$449,921 from a loss of \$59,899 for the same period in the prior year. The increase is a result of factors previously discussed including: a decrease in general and administrative expenses of \$450,342 and \$141 decrease in the impairment of supplies and components and an increase in gross profit of \$59,337.

For the six months ended August 31, 2017 the income before other expenses increased \$773,292 or 395.5% to \$577,780 from a loss of \$195,512 for the same period in the prior year. The increase is a result of factors previously discussed including: a decrease in general and administrative expenses of \$919,261 and \$1,746 decrease in the impairment of supplies and components, offset by a decrease in gross profit of \$147,715.

Finance Income

For the three months ended August 31, 2017 finance expense increased by \$4,146 or 114% to \$510 from an income of \$3,636 in the same period in the prior year. For the six months ended August 31, 2017 finance expense increased by \$8,462 or 106.4% to \$510 from an income of \$7,952 in the same period in the prior year. The finance income decrease for the three and six months ended August 31, 2017 is from the complete collection of accrued receivables from a Canadian customer.

Finance Costs

Finance costs, consisting of interest on loans and dividends on preferred shares, decreased by \$39,342 or 21.9% for the three months ended August 31, 2017 compared to the same period in the prior year. The decrease in finance costs were due to the general reduction of debt in the Company due to regular repayments in accordance with the terms of financing.

Depreciation and Amortization

For the three months ended August 31, 2017, depreciation and amortization expense decreased \$110,615 or 31.0% to \$245,877 from \$179,775 in the same period in the prior year. For the six months ended August 31, 2017, depreciation and amortization expense decreased \$228,952 or 32.2% to \$482,830 from \$711,782 in the same period in the prior year. The decrease is due to intangible assets and property and equipment being fully depreciated prior to the three and six months ended August 31, 2017.

Foreign Exchange Loss

For the three months ended August 31, 2017, the foreign exchange gain decreased \$15,432 or 65.3% to \$8,196 from a gain of \$23,628 for the same period in the prior year. For the six months ended August 31, 2017, the foreign exchange gain increased \$1,563 or 65.3% to \$8,196 from a gain of \$16,687 for the same period in the prior year. The gain is due to the strengthening of the Canadian dollar against the Euro and against the American dollar.

eQube Gaming Limited
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Three and Six Months Ended August 31, 2017

The Company does not currently use derivative financial instruments to alter the risks associated with foreign exchange fluctuations.

Net Income and Comprehensive Loss from continuing operations

Net income and comprehensive loss for the three months ended August 31, 2017 was \$5,914 compared with a loss of \$617,226 for the same period in the prior year. The \$453,853 or 61.4% increase in the income is the result of many factors discussed previously including: decrease of \$450,342 in general and administrative expenses, \$110,615 in depreciation and amortization, \$141 in the impairment of supplies and components, an increase in gross profit \$59,337 and decrease in finance income \$4,146 along with increases in foreign exchange gain \$15,432, and decrease in finance costs \$41,045.

Net Loss and Comprehensive Loss from discontinued operations

On October 31, 2016 the Company disposed of its subsidiary, Rock Bingo. The net loss and comprehensive loss from discontinued operations relates to the financial results of Rock Bingo. A net loss of \$44,342 was recognized for the twelve months ended February 28, 2017.

Net Loss and Comprehensive Loss Attributable to Non-Controlling Interest

On June 19, 2015 the Company acquired Alberta Satellite Bingo LP as part of the operations of Alberta Satellite Bingo. The non-controlling interest holds 99.75% of the partnership units. The net income attributable to their interest in Alberta Satellite Bingo LP for the three months ended August 31, 2017 is \$61 The Company's share of the operating loss of Alberta Satellite Bingo LP for the three months ended August 31, 2017 is \$59.

6. Financial Position

	August 31, 2017	February 28, 2017	February 29, 2016	February 28, 2014
Total assets	\$ 4,053,424	\$ 4,729,201	\$ 5,594,215	\$ 7,083,432
Total non-current financial liabilities	\$ 2,139,450	\$ 2,606,298	\$ 2,323,020	\$ 2,301,823

Total assets decreased \$675,777 or 14.3% from February 28, 2017 to August 31, 2017. The net decrease is the result of a \$626,750 decrease in cash, \$749,477 decrease in prepaid expenses. The decreases were offset by \$363,517 increase in supplies and components, \$183,727 in property and equipment, \$49,986 in Intangible assets, \$40,754 in Inventory and \$2,583 in accounts receivable and \$59,788 in accrued receivables.

Total assets decreased \$865,014 or 15.5% from February 29, 2016 to February 28, 2017. The net decrease is the result of decreases of \$1,726,052 in property and equipment, \$480,319 in accrued receivables, and \$106,828 in supplies and components. The decreases were offset by increases in accounts receivable of \$163,563, prepaid expenses and deposits of \$748,273, \$854,249 in cash and \$124,694 in intangible assets.

eQube Gaming Limited
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Three and Six Months Ended August 31, 2017

The decrease in the non-current liabilities from February 28, 2017 to August 31, 2017 of \$466,848 is the result of repayments on other related loans of \$75,491, payment on other loans of \$668,761. The decrease is offset by an increase of \$16,130 in obligations under finance lease and \$261,159 in shareholder loans.

The increase in the non-current liabilities of \$283,278 between February 29, 2016 and February 28, 2017 is the result of proceeds from shareholder loans of \$1,899 and new loans which had a net increase of \$1,365,855 and the Company obtaining waivers from preferred shareholders which resulted in the reclassification of \$660,000 preferred shares from the current to the non-current preferred portion. This was offset by a net decrease in other related loans of \$1,094,254, the mutual cancellation of a vendor financing arrangement for gaming hardware which included \$386,856 in non-current liabilities and \$13,366 in repayments of obligations under finance lease.

7. Liquidity and Capital Resources

7.1. Cash Flows by Activity

	Three months ended August 31,		Six months ended August 31,	
	Aug 31, 2017	Aug 31, 2016	Aug 31, 2017	Aug 31, 2016
Cash (used in) provided by:				
Cash flows provided by operations	\$ 390,515	\$ (78,028)	\$ 515,074	\$ (196,656)
Changes in non-cash working capital	(243,977)	638,772	303,165	534,187
Operating activities	146,538	560,744	818,239	337,531
Financing activities	(203,766)	(1,197,912)	(1,006,851)	788,076
Investing activities	(11,058)	(139,179)	(438,137)	(185,259)
(Decrease) increase in cash and cash equivalents	\$ (68,286)	\$ (776,347)	\$ (626,749)	\$ 940,348

Operating Activities

Cash flows provided by operating activities are \$146,538 for the three months ended August 31, 2017 compared to cash used in operating activities of \$560,744 for the same period in the prior year. This change is a result of a decrease in accounts receivable \$1,066,000, accrued receivables of \$78,000, inventory \$12,000, prepaid expenses \$24,000. This was offset by increases in supplies and components \$12,000 accounts payable \$270,000 and deferred revenue \$14,000.

Cash flows provided by operating activities are \$818,239 for the six months ended August 31, 2017 compared to cash used in operating activities of \$337,531 for the same period in the prior year. This change is a result of a decrease in accounts receivable \$160,000, accrued receivables of \$544,163, supplies and components \$386,000, inventory \$40,755, deferred revenue \$198,600. This was offset by increases in income taxes \$2,470, prepaid expenses \$766,546 and accounts payable \$329,753.

Financing Activities

Cash used by financing activities was \$203,766 for the three months ended August 31, 2017 compared with cash used by financing activities of \$1,197,912 for the same period in the prior year. During the three months ended August 31, 2017 the company repaid loans in the amount of \$662,145 and payment of interest and dividends of \$139,917 offset by proceeds of new shareholder loans of \$598,296.

eQube Gaming Limited
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Three and Six Months Ended August 31, 2017

Cash used by financing activities was \$1,006,851 for the six months ended August 31, 2017 compared with cash from financing activities of \$788,076 for the same period in the prior year. During the six months ended August 31, 2017 the company repaid loans in the amount of \$1,053,173 and payment of interest and dividends of \$299,494 offset by proceeds of new shareholder loans of \$398,296 and new lease obligations of \$23,059.

Investing Activities

Cash flows used in investing activities were \$11,058 for the three months ended August 31, 2017 compared with \$139,179 for the same period in the prior year. The Company purchased \$11,058 of property and equipment.

Cash flows used in investing activities were \$438,137 for the six months ended August 31, 2017 compared with \$185,259 for the same period in the prior year. The Company purchased \$353,770 of property and equipment, and capitalised \$84,367 of intangible assets.

7.2. Capital Resources

The Company's objectives and policies for managing capital are to safeguard the Company's ability to continue as a going concern, to provide an adequate return to shareholders and to meet external capital requirements on the Company's credit facilities. For the six months August 31, 2017, there were no changes in the Company's objectives and policies for capital management other than the changes noted below.

The Company includes the following in the definition of capital:

	August 31, 2017	February 28, 2017
Demand term loans	\$ -	\$ 75,538
Shareholder loans	1,153,535	749,269
Other related loans	254,743	383,078
Other loans	2,256,704	3,183,246
Obligations under finance lease	63,517	40,458
Preferred shares	2,060,000	2,060,000
Deficiency	(3,047,632)	(3,030,961)
	\$ 2,740,866	\$ 3,460,628

To manage the Company's capital requirements, the Company has in place a planning and budgeting process which helps determine the funds required to ensure the Company has the appropriate liquidity to meet its operating and growth objectives. The Company plans to continue to fund its short-term cash requirements through operations, debt financing and proceeds raised through offerings.

The Company has closed its operating line of credit as of April 21, 2017.

eQube Gaming Limited
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Three and Six Months Ended August 31, 2017

7.3. Liquidity Risk

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Company will not be able to meet its financial obligations as they fall due.

The Company has in place a planning and budgeting process which helps determine funds required to ensure the Company has the appropriate liquidity to meet its operating and growth objectives.

As at August 31, 2017, the Company had cash of \$410,508 (February 28, 2017 - \$1,037,258), accounts receivable of \$703,430 (February 28, 2017 - \$700,847), for a total of \$1,252,574 (February 28, 2017 - \$1,816,952). Current and on demand obligations from accounts payable and accrued liabilities, current income tax payable, interest bearing loans, and dividend paying preferred shares total \$4,688,645 (February 28, 2017 - \$4,960,106). The deficiency of current assets to cover the Company's short-term obligations will be funded through operations, by new debt financing and by managing accounts payable terms.

The Company's contractual obligations at August 31, 2017 summarized by fiscal year are as follows:

	On demand	2018	2019	2020	2021	Total
Current income tax payable	-	32,031	-	-	-	32,031
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	737,070	-	-	-	737,070
Shareholder loans	160,000	158,101	237,138	-	600,000	1,155,239
Other related loans	-	93,407	161,336	-	-	254,743
Other loans	-	1,559,610	697,094	-	-	2,256,704
Obligation under finance lease	-	18,263	21,498	14,071	9,685	63,517
Preferred shares	-	1,400,000	660,000	-	-	2,060,000
Total	\$ 160,000	\$3,998,482	\$1,777,066	\$ 14,071	\$ 609,685	\$ 6,559,304

The Company's contractual obligations at February 28, 2017 summarized by fiscal year were as follows:

	On demand	2018	2019	2020	2021	Total
Current income tax payable	-	29,675	-	-	-	29,675
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities	-	667,539	-	-	-	667,539
Demand term loans	75,538	-	-	-	-	75,538
Shareholder loans	-	395,070	397,137	-	-	792,207
Other related loans	-	2,283,119	1,590,572	-	-	3,873,691
Obligations under finance lease	-	13,411	20,626	7,413	2,559	44,009
Preferred shares	-	1,495,754	672,701	-	-	2,168,455
Total	\$ 75,538	\$ 4,884,568	\$ 2,681,036	\$ 7,413	\$ 2,559	\$ 7,651,114

eQube Gaming Limited
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Three and Six Months Ended August 31, 2017

The contractual obligations included in the tables above include interest and dividend payments where applicable.

At February 28, 2017 the Company was not in compliance with a lending covenant related to the Company's operating line of credit and demand term loans. The demand loans have been repaid as of August 31, 2017

The shareholders and other related loans contain demand features. The lenders have waived the demand provisions until April 2018.

8. Off-Balance Sheet Arrangements and Derivative Instruments

The Company's off-balance sheet arrangements comprise operating leases entered into in the normal course of business. The Company has no other off-balance sheet arrangements and does not anticipate entering into any such arrangements other than in the normal course of business.

The minimum payments at August 31, 2017 under operating lease obligations for the Company's office and warehouse facilities are as follows:

	Edmonton	Las Vegas	Ireland	Total
Less than one year	\$ -	\$ 10,714	\$ 7,549	\$ 18,263
Between one and five years	-	30,832	14,422	\$ 45,254
Over Five Years	-	-	-	\$ -
Total	\$ -	\$ 41,546	\$ 21,971	\$ 63,517

The Company does not enter into the speculative use of derivatives.

9. Related Party Transactions

a) Shareholder Loans and Other Related Loans

Shareholder loans:

On November 27, 2015, the Company entered into a financing arrangement for a demand term loan in the amount of \$60,000 from an entity owned and controlled by the Chief Operating Officer ("COO") of the Company. The loan bears interest at 10% per annum with the principal amount due at the option of the borrower.

On March 1, 2016, the Company entered into a financing arrangement for a demand term loan in the amount of \$100,000 from an entity controlled by the COO of the Company. The loan bears interest at 10% per annum with the principal amount due at the option of the borrower.

On January 23, 2017, the Company entered into a financing arrangement for a three month demand term loan in the amount of \$200,000 from the COO of the Company. The loan bears interest at 10% per annum with monthly interest only payments and the principal due at the end of the term. The loan was repaid in full on April 18, 2017.

eQube Gaming Limited
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Three and Six Months Ended August 31, 2017

Other related loans:

On December 7, 2015, the Company entered into a financing arrangement for a demand term loan in the amount of \$60,000 from an entity controlled by the COO of the Company. The loan has an eighteen-month term. The loan bears interest at 12% per annum with the principal amount due upon demand at the end of the loan term.

On December 10, 2015, the Company entered into a financing arrangement for a demand term loan in the amount of \$500,000 from an entity controlled by a director of the Company. Each draw under the agreement has a three year term. The loan bears interest at 10% per annum with monthly payments of \$16,134. The amount drawn on the loan at August 31, 2017 was \$284,121 (February 28, 2017 - \$323,078) and is included in “other related loans”. The proceeds of this loan were used to purchase equipment for customer deployment. The loan is secured by a first charge over the purchased equipment.

During the three months ended August 31, 2017, interest expense on shareholder and other related loans of \$16,311 (2016 - \$26,347) was recorded as expense and is included in finance costs

b) Key Management Compensation

Compensation of key management personnel including the Company’s executive management, Board of Directors, and board advisors are as follows:

	Three months ended August 31,		Six months ended August 31,	
	2017	2016	2017	2016
Short-term employee benefits	\$ 86,767	\$ 172,451	\$ 222,021	\$ 327,192
Share-based payments	-	155	-	437
	\$ 86,767	\$ 172,606	\$ 222,021	\$ 327,629

The amounts disclosed in the table are the amounts recognized as an expense during the reporting period related to key management personnel and are included in compensation and benefits expense. Compensation and short-term employee benefits consist of wages and salaries paid or payable to employees, accrued vacation, and other benefits paid or payable within 12 months.

c) Other related party transactions

As at August 31, 2017 accrued receivables includes \$61,070 (February 28, 2017 - \$46,753) due from an entity controlled by the Chief Executive Officer (“CEO”) of the Company.

Included In hardware and software rentals revenue for the three month period ended August 31, 2017 is \$nil (three month period ended August 31, 2016 - \$nil) from a company controlled by a close family member of the CEO. Included In hardware and software rentals revenue for the six month period ended August 31, 2017 is \$43,851 (six month period ended August 31, 2016 - \$nil) from a company controlled by a close family member of the CEO.

10. Other loans

On March 21, 2016, the Company entered into a financing arrangement for a demand term loan in the amount of \$300,000. The loan has a fifteen-month term. The loan bears interest at 12% per annum from the effective date until June 30, 2016 and 7% for the remainder of the term, with the principal amount due in full at the end of the loan term.

On May 1, 2016, the Company entered into a financing agreement for a secured loan in the amount of \$4,000,000. The loan has a thirty-two month term and bears interest at 10% per annum with monthly payments of \$142,924. \$1,947,000 of these funds were used to payout demand loans due to a company controlled by a director of the Company.

During the three months ended August 31, 2017, interest expense on other loans of \$71,847 (August 31, 2016 - \$40,336) was recorded as expense and is included in finance costs. During the six months ended August 31, 2017, interest expense on other loans of \$149,875 (August 31, 2016 - \$80,672) was recorded as expense and is included in finance costs.

11. Changes in Accounting Policies Including Initial Adoption

Changes in Accounting Policies

There were no significant amendments or new standards adopted by the Company for the first time for the financial year beginning on March 1, 2016.

Recent Accounting Pronouncements Not Yet Effective

The following pronouncements from the International Accounting Standards Board (“IASB”) are not yet effective and have not been early adopted by the Company. The Company intends to adopt these standards when they become effective.

IFRS 9, *Financial Instruments*, as issued reflects the IASB’s work on the replacement of IAS 39 *Financial Instruments: Recognition and Measurement*. IFRS 9 includes requirements for recognition and measurement, impairment, derecognition and general hedge accounting. The new standard is effective for annual periods beginning on or after January 1, 2018 with early adoption permitted. The Company is currently assessing the impact of this standard on its consolidated financial statements.

12. Financial Instruments and Other Instruments

Fair Value Measurement

The Company’s financial assets include cash, accounts receivable and accrued receivables. The Company’s financial liabilities include bank indebtedness, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, current income tax payable, demand term loans, shareholders loans, other related loans, other loans, obligations under finance lease and preferred shares.

The Company has classified its cash, accounts receivable and accrued receivables as loans and receivables, measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. Bank indebtedness, accounts payable and accrued liabilities, current income tax payable, demand term loans, shareholders loans, other related loans, other loans, obligations under finance lease and preferred shares are classified as other financial liabilities, measured at amortized cost using the effective interest method. The effective interest rate is the rate that exactly discounts the estimated future cash payments or receipts through the expected life of the financial instrument or a shorter period, where appropriate, to the net carrying amount of the financial asset or liability.

The carrying value of cash, accounts receivable, bank indebtedness, accounts payable and current accrued liabilities and current income tax payable reasonably approximate their fair value due to their immediate or short term maturity. The carrying value of accrued receivables (measured at amortized cost) reasonably approximates fair value as the effect of any difference between the effective interest rate applied and the estimated current market rate is not significant.

The carrying value of the non-current accrued liabilities, the demand term loans, shareholders loans, other related loans, other loans, obligations under finance lease and preferred shares reasonably approximate their fair value. The fair value is a Level 2 measurement and is based on discounted future cash flows using rates that reflect observable current market rates for similar instruments with similar terms and conditions. These estimates are subjective in nature as current interest rates are selected from a range of potentially acceptable rates and, accordingly, other fair value estimates are possible.

Credit Risk

Credit risk is the risk of a financial loss if a customer or counterparty to a financial instrument fails to meet its obligations under a contract. This risk primarily arises from the Company's receivables from customers.

The Company's exposure to credit risk is dependent upon the characteristics of each customer. Credit exposure in Canada is minimized as the Company's primary revenue sources are the respective gaming commissions of provincial governments. In its operations, the Company does not obtain collateral or other security to support financial instruments subject to credit risk but mitigates this risk by dealing only with what management believes to be financially sound counterparties and, accordingly, does not anticipate loss for non-performance. Each customer is assessed for credit worthiness and their financial well-being monitored on a continual basis.

The Company does not have credit insurance or other financial instruments to mitigate its credit risk as management has determined that the exposure is minimal due to the composition of its customer base.

The Company regularly reviews the collectability of its accounts receivable and accrued receivables and establishes an allowance account for credit losses based on its best estimate of any potentially uncollectible accounts receivables and accrued receivables. As at August 31, 2017, the balance of the allowance account for credit losses was \$nil (February 28, 2017 - \$nil).

Generally, payment terms for accounts receivable are 30 days. The Company has certain accounts receivable that have not been settled by the contractual date but are not considered to be impaired. The amounts at August 31, 2017 and February 28, 2017, by length of time past due, are:

eQube Gaming Limited
Management Discussion and Analysis
For the Three and Six Months Ended August 31, 2017

	August 31, 2017	February 28, 2017
1 to 30 days past due	\$ 184,946	\$ 91,014
31 to 60 days past due	280,471	15,736
Greater than 60 days past due	3,619	14,509
Total	\$ 469,036	\$ 121,259

As at August 31, 2017, the Company had one customer owing more than \$50,000 that accounted for approximately 47% of all the trade accounts receivable owing (February 28, 2017 – two customers owing more than \$50,000; approximately 58% of all the trade accounts receivable). As at August 31, 2017, trade accounts receivable associated with customers that each individually exceeded 10% of the Company’s sales, service and other revenue totalled 47% of trade accounts receivable (February 28, 2017 – 20%).

The Company may also have credit risk relating to cash, which it manages by dealing with large banks. The Company’s objective is to minimize its exposure to credit risk in order to prevent losses on financial assets by placing its investments in highly liquid investments such as guaranteed investment funds. The Company’s cash carrying value as at August 31, 2017, totalled \$410,508 (February 28, 2017 - \$1,037,258), accounts receivable totalled \$703,430 (February 28, 2017 - \$700,847), representing the maximum exposure to credit risk of these financial assets.

Currency Risk

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value of future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate due to changes in foreign exchange rates.

The Company is exposed to currency risk as a result of certain costs being denominated in the United States dollars and Euros. The Company holds cash and accounts receivable and has liabilities in currencies other than the Canadian dollar. As a result, the Company is subject to gains and losses due to fluctuations in foreign currency exchange rates. The Company does not use derivative financial instruments to alter the risks associated with the foreign exchange fluctuations.

A 1% appreciation (depreciation) in the Canadian dollar price of United States dollars would result in gain (loss) of approximately \$3,000 for the three months ended August 31, 2017 (2016 - \$1,000). A 1% appreciation (depreciation) in the Canadian dollar price of Euros would result in gain (loss) of approximately \$3,000 (2016 - \$3,000).

Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market interest rates. As of August 31, 2017, The Company does not have exposure to any financial instruments that are subject to floating interest rates.

The Company does not enter into any interest rate swaps to mitigate interest rate risk.

A 1% decrease (increase) in the bank's prime rate would result in a gain (loss) of approximately \$nil for the three months ended August 31, 2017 (2016 - \$8,000).

13. Disclosure of Outstanding Share Data

As at the date of this MD&A, the Company had a total of 30,220,727 Ordinary Shares issued and outstanding, 1,100,000 stock options outstanding under the Company's stock option plan.

As at the date of this MD&A, 2,220,509 (February 28, 2017 – 4,107,689) of the issued ordinary shares were held in escrow. These shares will be released from escrow on November 4, 2017.

As at the date of this MD&A, the Company had a total of 2,060,000 Preferred Shares issued and outstanding.

14. Risks and Uncertainties

For the three months ended August 31, 2017, there has been no significant change in the Company's risks and uncertainties from those described in the MD&A for the three and six months and year ended February 28, 2017. Those risks and uncertainties are herein incorporated by reference.

15. Other Information

Additional information about the Company is available on SEDAR at www.sedar.com.